SPRINGFIELD CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

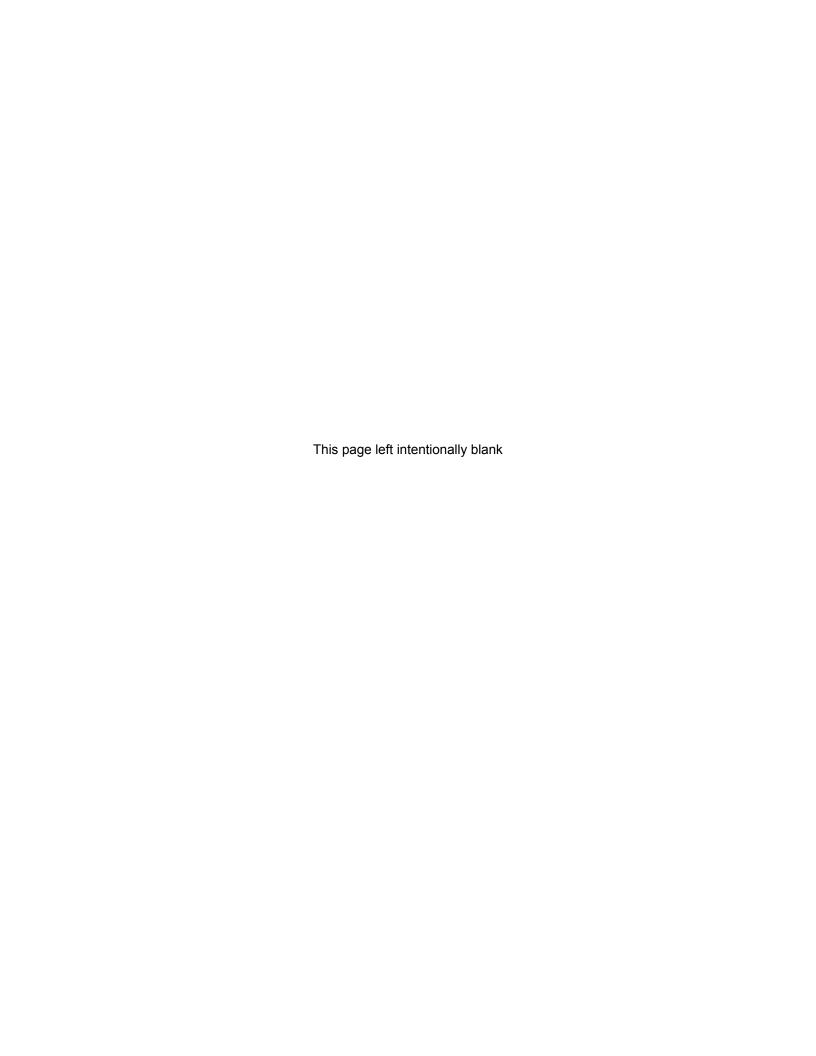
SPRINGFIELD CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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Financial Section

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Springfield Contributory Retirement Board Springfield Contributory Retirement System Springfield, Massachusetts

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Springfield Contributory Retirement System (SCRS) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Springfield Contributory Retirement System's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Springfield Contributory Retirement System as of December 31, 2018 and the results of its operations and changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios; the Schedule of Contributions; and the Schedule of Investment Returns be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2019, on our consideration of the Springfield Contributory Retirement System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Springfield Contributory Retirement System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Springfield Contributory Retirement System, the Public Employee Retirement Commission and all member units and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

September 20, 2019

Powers + Julians, LLC

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Springfield Contributory Retirement System ("System"), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2018. The System complies with financial reporting requirements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The GASB is the authoritative standard setting body that provides guidance on how to prepare financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Users of these financial statements rely on the GASB to establish consistent reporting standards for all governments in the United States. This consistent application is the only way users can assess the financial condition of a public retirement system compared to others.

Financial Highlights

- The System's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent year by \$337.9 million (net position).
- The System's net position decreased by \$5.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2018.
- Total investment loss was \$6.2 million; investment expenses were \$1.8 million; and the net investment loss for the current year was \$8 million.
- Total contributions were \$86 million, including \$67.7 million from employers, \$16.8 million from members, and other contributions of \$1.5 million.
- Deductions for retirement benefits, refunds, and transfers amounted to \$82.5 million.
- Administrative expenses were \$825,000 or approximately 1% of total deductions.
- The total pension liability was \$1.2 billion as of December 31, 2018 while the net pension liability was \$904.3 million.
- The Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability was 27.2%.
- Additional City contributions In October of 2018 the City of Springfield contributed an additional
 payment of \$2.0 million from its Pension Stabilization fund which was applied against the City's portion of
 the net pension liability. In March of 2019, subsequent to year-end, the City of Springfield contributed
 another additional payment of \$1,117,987 from the City's reserves for the same purpose.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the System's fiduciary financial statements. These fiduciary financial statements comprise of four components: 1) management's discussion and analysis, 2) fiduciary financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements and 4) required supplementary information.

Fiduciary Financial Statements

The *statement of net position* presents information on all assets and liabilities with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of changes in fiduciary net position presents information showing how the system's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, additions and deductions are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the fiduciary financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios; the Schedule of Contributions; and the Schedule of Investment Return be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the System's financial position. The System's assets exceeded liabilities (net position) by \$337.9 million at the close of 2018.

The assets accumulated are held to provide pension benefits for qualified retirees along with active and inactive employees of the member units. At year end the system's net position include investments of \$336.5 million, cash and cash equivalents of \$1.1 million and accounts receivable of \$279,000; less liabilities of \$21,000.

In 2018, the System's total additions were \$78 million while retirement benefit payments, transfers to other systems, and administration expenses were \$83.3 million which resulted in a current deficit of \$5.3 million. In 2017 the System's total additions were \$124.5 million while retirement benefit payments, transfers to other systems, and administration expenses were \$80.3 million which resulted in a prior year increase of \$44.2 million.

Net investment income/(loss) was \$(8) million and \$50.2 million in 2018 and 2017 respectively. The annual money weighted rate of return was (2.33)% and 17.04% in 2018 and 2017, respectively. The system's investment policy is designed to achieve a long-term rate of return of 7.40% and some fluctuation in annual investment returns is expected.

The following tables present summarized financial information for the past two years:

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Net Position Restricted for Pensions\$	337,853,862 \$	343,180,438
Accounts payable	(20,743)	(4,092)
Receivables	279,319	565,601
Investments	336,541,753	341,469,925
Cash and cash equivalents\$	1,053,533 \$	1,149,004
-	2010	2011
	2018	2017

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

_	2018		2017
A daliki aras			
Additions: Contributions:			
	16 071 040	\$	15 222 260
Member contributions \$	16,871,040	Ф	15,233,360
Employer contributions	67,724,281		57,652,878
Other contributions	1,365,817		1,360,247
Total contributions	85,961,138		74,246,485
Net investment income (loss):			
Total investment income (loss)	(6,166,227)		51,827,428
Less; investment expenses	(1,798,110)		(1,651,431)
•			
Net investment income (loss)	(7,964,337)		50,175,997
Other receipts	889		121,215
Total additions	77,997,690		124,543,697
Deductions:			
Administration	824,545		796,923
Retirement benefits, refunds and transfers	82,499,721		79,529,288
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>
Total deductions	83,324,266		80,326,211
Net increase/(decrease) in fiduciary net position	(5,326,576)		44,217,486
Fiduciary net position at beginning of year	343,180,438		298,962,952
Fiduciary net position at end of year\$	337,853,862	\$	343,180,438

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the System's finances for all those with an interest in the System's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the System's Executive Director, 70 Tapley Street, Springfield, Massachusetts, 01104.

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STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Assets	
Cash	\$ 1,053,533
Investments: Investments in Pension Reserve Investment Trust	335,867,504 674,249
Total investments	336,541,753
Receivables: Member make-up payments and redeposits Other	274,075 5,244
Total receivables	279,319
Total assets	337,874,605
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	20,743
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 337,853,862

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Additions: Contributions:	
Member contributions	\$ 15,523,357
Member contributions - transfers from other systems	1,233,813
Retirement benefits - 3(8)c contributions from other systems	816,242
Members' makeup payments and redeposits	113,870
State COLA reimbursements	549,575
Employer contributions	67,724,281
Total contributions	85,961,138
Net investment income (loss):	
Investment income (loss)	24,936,129
Net change in fair value of investments	(31,102,356)
Less, investment expenses	(1,798,110)
Net investment income (loss)	(7,964,337)
Other receipts	889
Total additions	77,997,690
Deductions:	
Administration	824,545
Member contributions - transfers to other systems	1,165,703
Retirement benefits - 3(8)c payments to other systems	2,336,249
Retirement benefits and refunds	78,997,769
Total deductions	83,324,266
Net decrease in fiduciary net position	(5,326,576)
Fiduciary net position at beginning of year	343,180,438
Fiduciary net position at end of year	\$ 337,853,862

See notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1 - PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Springfield Contributory Retirement System ("System" or "SCRS") is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, contributory defined benefit pension plan covering employees of the three member units (employers) of the SCRS: 1) the City of Springfield, Massachusetts, 2) the Springfield Housing Authority and 3) the Springfield Water & Sewer Commission. All employees and retirees and beneficiaries of these member units, except for employees of the Springfield School Department who serve in a teaching capacity, are members of the SCRS. The pensions of school employees who serve in a teaching capacity are administered by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' Teachers Retirement System. Membership in the SCRS is mandatory immediately upon the commencement of employment for all permanent employees working a minimum of 20 hours per week.

The System is a member of the Massachusetts Contributory Retirement System and is governed by Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. Membership in the Plan is mandatory immediately upon the commencement of employment for all permanent, full-time employees.

Massachusetts contributory retirement system benefits are, with certain exceptions, uniform from system to system. The System provides for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation for those hired prior to April 2, 2012 and the highest five-year average for members hired after that date. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation, and group classification.

Members become vested after ten years of creditable service. A superannuation retirement allowance may be received upon the completion of 20 years of service or upon reaching the age of 55 with 10 years of service. Normal retirement for most employees occurs at age 65 (except for certain hazardous duty and public safety positions, whose normal retirement is at age 55).

A retirement allowance consists of two parts: an annuity and a pension. A member's accumulated total deductions and the interest they generate constitute the annuity. The differential between the total retirement benefit and the annuity is the pension.

Active members contribute between 5% and 11% of their gross regular compensation. The percentage rate is keyed to the date upon which an employee's membership commences. These deductions are deposited in the Annuity Savings Fund and earn interest at a rate determined by the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission's (PERAC) actuary. When a member's retirement becomes effective, his/her deductions and related interest are transferred to the Annuity Reserve Fund. Any cost-of-living adjustments granted between 1981 and 1997 and any increase in other benefits imposed by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' state law during those years are borne by the Commonwealth and are deposited into the Pension Fund. Cost-of-living adjustments granted after 1997 must be approved by the System and all costs are borne by the System.

The pension portion of any retirement benefit is paid from the Pension Fund of the System. The governmental unit employing the member must annually appropriate and contribute the amount of current-year pension assessment. In past years, retirement systems were paying only the actual retirement benefits that were due each year. Systems had no statutory authorization to put aside money for the future benefits of employees who are currently employed. Large unfunded liabilities resulted from operating under this pay-as-you-go basis. In 1977, legislation authorized local governments to appropriate funds to meet future pension obligations. In 1983, additional legislation was passed requiring the transfer of investment earnings (in excess of the amount credited to member accounts) into the Pension Reserve Fund. These initiatives have significantly reduced the rate of growth of the Retirement Systems' unfunded liabilities, and in some Systems have actually reduced such liability.

Administrative expenses, which were previously appropriated from the governmental entities whose employees are members of the system, are now paid from investment income.

Members who become permanently and totally disabled for further duty may be eligible to receive a disability retirement allowance. The amount of benefits to be received in such cases is dependent on several factors, including whether or not the disability is work related, the member's age, years of creditable service, level of compensation, veterans' status and group classification.

Employees who resign from service and who are not eligible to receive a retirement allowance or are under the age of 55 are entitled to request a refund of their accumulated total deductions.

Survivor benefits are extended to eligible beneficiaries of members whose death occurs prior to or following retirement.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Springfield Contributory Retirement System have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

SCRS is a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities. Accordingly, the financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, additions are recorded when earned and deductions are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments are carried at fair value. The fair values were determined by the closing price for those securities traded on national stock exchanges and at the average bid-and-asked quotation for those securities traded in the over-the-counter market. The fair value of private equities are based on management's valuation of estimates and assumptions from information and representations provided by the respective general partners, in the absence of readily ascertainable market values. Real estate assets are reported at fair value utilizing an income approach to valuation along with independent appraisals and estimates by management.

Fair Value Measurements

The System reports required types of financial instruments in accordance with the fair value standards. These standards require an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs (such as quoted prices in active markets) and minimize the use of unobservable inputs (such as appraisals or valuation techniques) to determine fair value. Fair value standards also require the government to classify these financial instruments into a three-level hierarchy, based on the priority of inputs to the valuation technique or in accordance with net asset value practical expedient rules, which allow for either Level 2 or Level 3 depending on lock up and notice periods associated with the underlying funds.

Instruments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical instruments as of the reporting date. Instruments, which are generally included in this category, include actively traded equity and debt securities, U.S. government obligations, and mutual funds with quoted market prices in active markets.

Level 2 – Pricing inputs are other than quoted in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. Certain fixed income securities, primarily corporate bonds, are classified as Level 2 because fair values are estimated using pricing models, matrix pricing, or discounted cash flows.

Level 3 – Pricing inputs are unobservable for the instrument and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the instrument. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

In some instances the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy and is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Market price is affected by a number of factors, including the type of instrument and the characteristics specific to the instrument. Instruments with readily available active quoted prices generally will have a higher degree of market price observability and a lesser degree of judgment used in measuring fair value. It is reasonably possible that change in values of these instruments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect amounts reported in these financial statements. For more information on the fair value of the System's financial instruments see Note 4.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of member deductions and other miscellaneous reimbursements. These receivables are considered 100% collectible and therefore do not report an allowance for uncollectibles.

NOTE 3 – PLAN ADMINISTRATION

The System is administered by a five-person Board of Retirement consisting of two representatives of the City of Springfield government, two who are elected from and by the active and retired members of the system, and a fifth member, selected by the four who shall not be a member of the system.

Chairman - Elected	Thomas M. Scanlon	Term Expires:	6/30/2020
Elected Member	Robert P. Moynihan	Term Expires:	7/31/2022
Appointed Member	Haskell O. Kennedy, Jr.	Term Expires:	6/30/2022
Appointed 5th Member	Philip J. Mantoni	Term Expires:	7/31/2021
Ex-Officio	Patrick S. Burns	Term Expires:	Indefinite

Board members are required to meet at least once a month. The Board must keep a record of all of its proceedings. The Board must annually submit to the appropriate authority an estimate of the expenses of administration and cost of operation of the System. The Board must annually file a financial statement of condition for the System with the Executive Director of PERAC.

The investment of the System's funds is the responsibility of the Board. All retirement allowances must be approved by the Retirement Board. The PERAC Actuary performs verification prior to payment, unless the System has obtained a waiver for superannuation calculations allowing them to bypass this requirement. All expenses incurred by the System must be approved by a majority vote of the Board. Payments shall be made

only upon vouchers signed by three persons designated by the Board.

The SCRS has obtained insurance policies to ensure that all retirement board members, employees, and the Treasurer-Custodian of the SCRS are bonded. The current policy provides a limit of \$2,000,000 under a master policy issued through a layered program with Markel America Insurance Company. A separate policy issued through Travelers Casualty and Surety Company provides fidelity coverage for ERISA/Crime actions with a limit of \$1,000,000.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

At December 31, 2018, the carrying amount of the System's deposits totaled \$1,053,533 and the bank balance totaled \$1,087,998, which was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and Depositors Insurance Fund.

Investments

The System's investments are as follows:

Pension Reserver Investment Trust (PRIT)\$	335,867,504
Alternative Investments	674,249
Total Investments\$	336,541,753

Approximately 99% of the Retirement System's investments are in Pension Reserve Investment Trust (PRIT). This investment pool was established by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, who serves as Trustee. PRIT is administered by the Pension Reserves Investment Management Board. The fair values of the positions in each investment Pool are the same as the value of each Pool's shares. The Administration does not have the ability to control any of the investment decisions relative to its funds in PRIT.

Approximately 1% of the System's funds are invested in pooled alternative investments. The market values of assets in those funds are based on the quoted values obtained from each pool.

The System's annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments was minus 2.33%. The money—weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of pension plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, measured monthly.

Fair Market Value of Investments

The System holds significant amounts of investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Because investing is a key part of the plan's activities, the plan shows greater disaggregation in its disclosures. The System chooses a tabular format for disclosing the levels within the fair value hierarchy.

The System categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles.

The System has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2018:

			Fair Value Measurements Using			
		_	Quoted			
			Prices in			
			Active		Significant	
			Markets for		Other	Significant
			Identical		Observable	Unobservable
	December 31,		Assets		Inputs	Inputs
Investment Type	2018		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	 (Level 3)
Investments measured at fair value:						
Alternative investments\$	674,249	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 674,249
Investments measured at net asset value:						
Pension Reserve Investment Trust (PRIT)	335,867,504	_				
Total investments\$	336,541,753	_				

Pooled Alternative Investments classified in level 3 are valued using either a discounted cash flow or market comparable companies technique.

PRIT Investments are valued using the net asset value (NAV) method. This investment pool was established by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, who serves as Trustee. PRIT is administered by the Pension Reserves Investment Management Board (PRIM). The fair values of the positions in each investment Pool are the same as the value of each Pool's shares. The System does not have the ability to control any of the investment decisions relative to its funds in PRIT.

NOTE 5 - MEMBERSHIP

The following table represents the System's membership at January 1, 2018, the most recent actuarial valuation date:

Active members	3,188
Inactive members	698
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	2,802
Total	6,688

NOTE 6 – ACTUARIAL VALUATION

Components of the net pension liability as of December 31, 2018 were as follows:

Total pension liability\$	1,242,191,000
Total pension plan's fiduciary net position	(337,853,862)
Total net pension liability\$	904,337,138
The pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	27.20%

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions that was applied to all periods as of the December 31, 2018 measurement date:

Valuation date	January 1, 2018. Actuarial liabilities were rolled forward to the December 31, 2018 measurement date.
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method.
Amortization method	Total payments increase 9.0% per year until FY32 with a final amortization payment in FY33.
Remaining amortization period	14 years from July 1, 2019.
Asset valuation method	Market value for GASB 67/68. For funding purposes, gains and losses each year are recognized over 5 years.
Investment rate of return	7.40%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.
Discount rate	7.40%
Inflation rate	Not explicitly assumed.
Projected salary increases	Select and ultimate by job group; ultimate rates 4.25% for Group 1 and 4.75% for Group 4.
Cost of living adjustments	3% of the first \$13,000 of retirement income.
Mortality rates	Pre-retirement rates reflect the RP-2000 Employees table projected generationally with Scale BB and a base year of 2009 (gender distinct). Post-retirement rates reflect the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table projected generationally with Scale BB and a base year of 2009 (gender distinct). For disabled retirees, the rates reflect the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table projected generationally with Scale BB and a base year of 2012 (gender distinct).

Investment policy: The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established by PRIT. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plan.

The investment return assumption is a long-term assumption and is based on capital market expectations by asset class, historical returns, and professional judgment. The market expectations analysis used a building-block approach which included expected returns by asset class and target asset allocation. The 30 year expected returns are shown on a geometric return basis.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equities	17.50%	7.62%
International equities	15.50%	7.80%
Emerging international equities	6.00%	9.31%
Core fixed income	12.00%	4.07%
Value added fixed income	10.00%	7.58%
Private equity	12.00%	11.15%
Real estate	10.00%	6.59%
Timberland	4.00%	7.00%
Hedge fund and portfolio completion	13.00%	6.83%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rated. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.40%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.40%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.40%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.40%)	Discount (7.40%)	1% Increase (8.40%)
Springfield Contributory Retirement System \$	1,038,492,000	\$ 904,337,138	\$ 790,319,000

Contributions: Governmental employers are required to pay an annual appropriation as established by PERAC. The total appropriation includes the amounts to pay the pension portion of each member's retirement allowance, an amount to amortize the actuarially determined unfunded liability to zero in accordance with the system's funding schedule, and additional appropriations in accordance with adopted early retirement incentive programs. The pension fund appropriations are allocated amongst employers based on covered payroll.

NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The System has no significant commitments or contingencies at year end.

Various legal actions and claims are pending against the System. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of individual litigated matters is not always predictable. Although the amount of liability, if any, at December 31, 2018 cannot be ascertained, management believes any resulting liability should not materially affect the financial position at December 31, 2018.

NOTE 8 - IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

During 2018, the following GASB pronouncements were implemented:

GASB Statement #85, Omnibus 2017. This pronouncement did not impact the financial statements.

The following GASB pronouncement will be implemented in the future:

The GASB issued <u>Statement #87</u>, Leases, which is required to be implemented in 2021.

Management is currently assessing the impact the implementation of this pronouncement will have on the financial statements.

NOTE 9 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In March 2019 the City contributed an additional \$1,117,987 to the System to reduce their portion of the unfunded pension liability.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 20, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2014		2015		2016	2017		2018
Total pension liability:		_		-			-	
Service cost\$	17,151,000	\$	17,923,000	\$	22,097,000	\$ 23,091,000	\$	23,719,000
Interest	77,538,000		79,578,000		84,605,000	87,036,000		88,350,000
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		12,434,000		_	(11,096,000)		-
Changes in assumptions	-		54,000,000		_	35,400,000		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(68,031,686)		(71,092,314)		(74,245,640)	(77,594,360)		(80,146,000)
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Net change in total pension liability	26,657,314		92,842,686		32,456,360	56,836,640		31,923,000
Total pension liability, beginning	1,001,475,000	_	1,028,132,314	-	1,120,975,000	1,153,431,360	_	1,210,268,000
Total pension liability, ending (a)\$	1,028,132,314	\$_	1,120,975,000	\$	1,153,431,360	\$ 1,210,268,000	\$	1,242,191,000
Plan fiduciary net position:								
Member contributions\$	12.150.386	\$	13.184.024		14.098.033	16.593.607		15.900.608
Employer contributions	45,805,630	•	47,710,101		50.572.700	57,652,878		67,724,281
Net investment income	20,681,621		1,890,211		20,912,155	50,175,997		(7,964,337)
Other additions			785.488		295.507	121,215		889
Retirement benefits and refunds	(68,031,686)		(71,092,314)		(74,245,640)	(79,529,288)		(80,163,472)
Administrative expenses	(751,843)	_	(722,933)		(830,694)	(796,923)		(824,545)
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position.	9,854,108		(8,245,423)		10,802,061	44,217,486		(5,326,576)
Net increase (decrease) in ilductary net position	9,054,100		(0,245,423)		10,602,061	44,217,400		(5,326,576)
Fiduciary net position at beginning of year	286,552,206	_	296,406,314	_	288,160,891	298,962,952	_	343,180,438
Fiduciary net position at end of year (b)\$	296,406,314	\$_	288,160,891	\$	298,962,952	\$ 343,180,438	\$_	337,853,862
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)\$	731,726,000	\$_	832,814,109	\$	854,468,408	\$ 867,087,562	\$_	904,337,138
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total								
pension liability	28.83%		25.71%		25.92%	28.36%		27.20%
Covered payroll\$	139,681,000	\$	152,161,000	\$	152,161,000	\$ 154,471,000	\$	154,471,000
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	523.86%		547.32%		561.56%	561.33%		585.44%

Note: this schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Until a 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

See notes to required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

<u>Year</u>	Actuarially determined contribution	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
December 31, 2018\$	65,724,281 \$	(67,724,281) \$	(2,000,000) \$	154,471,000	43.84%
December 31, 2017	57,652,878	(57,652,878)	-	154,471,000	37.32%
December 31, 2016	50,572,700	(50,572,700)	-	152,161,000	33.24%
December 31, 2015	47,710,100	(47,710,100)	-	152,161,000	31.36%
December 31, 2014	45,009,537	(45,009,537)	-	139,681,000	32.22%

Note: this schedule is intended to present information for 10 years.

Until a 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

See notes to required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Annual money-weighted rate of return.

	rate of return,
Year	net of investment expense
December 31, 2018	(2.33)%
December 31, 2017	17.04%
December 31, 2016	7.45%
December 31, 2015	0.58%
December 31, 2014	7.24%

Note: this schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Until a 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

See notes to required supplementary information.

NOTE A - CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

The Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios includes the detailed changes in the system's total pension liability, changes in the system's net position, and the ending net pension liability. It also demonstrates the plan's net position as a percentage of the total pension liability and the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll.

Since the system performs an actuarial valuation bi-annually, there are no reported amounts for the changes in benefit terms, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in assumptions as of December 31, 2018.

NOTE B - CONTRIBUTIONS

Governmental employers are required to pay an annual appropriation as established by PERAC. The total appropriation includes the amounts to pay the pension portion of each member's retirement allowance, an amount to amortize the actuarially determined unfunded liability to zero in accordance with the system's funding schedule, and additional appropriations in accordance with adopted early retirement incentive programs. The total appropriations are payable on July 1 and January 1. Employers may choose to pay the entire appropriation in July at a discounted rate. Accordingly, actual employer contributions may be less than the "total appropriation". The pension fund appropriations are allocated amongst employers based on covered payroll. In addition, an employer may contribute more than the amount required.

NOTE C - MONEY WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN

The money weighted rate of return is calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense. A money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of pension plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. Inputs to the money weighted rate of return calculation are determined monthly.

NOTE D - CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND PLAN PROVISIONS

Changes in Assumptions		
None.		

Changes in Plan Provisions

None.

Audit of Specific Elements, Accounts and Items of Financial Statements

Powers & Sullivan, LLC

Certified Public Accountants



100 Quannapowitt Parkway Suite 101 Wakefield, MA 01880 T. 781-914-1700 F. 781-914-1701 www.powersandsullivan.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Springfield Contributory Retirement Board Springfield Contributory Retirement System Springfield, Massachusetts

We have audited the accompanying schedule of employer allocations of the Springfield Contributory Retirement System (SCRS) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes. We have also audited the total for all entities of the rows titled net pension liability, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, total covered payroll, total pension expense and contributions included in the accompanying schedule of pension amounts by employer of the SCRS Pension Plan as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Schedules

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these schedules in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the schedules that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on the schedule of employer allocations and the specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the schedule of employer allocations and the specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the schedule of employer allocations and the specified row totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the schedule of employer allocations and the specified row totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the schedule of employer allocations and the specified row totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the employer allocations and net pension liability, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, total covered payroll, total pension expense and contributions for the row totals of all participating entities for the Springfield Contributory Retirement System as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the Springfield Contributory Retirement System as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and our report thereon, dated September 20, 2019, expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Springfield Contributory Retirement System management, the Springfield Contributory Retirement System employers and their auditors and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

September 20, 2019

Powers + Julians, LLC

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER ALLOCATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Employer	FY2019 Pension Fund Appropriation	 Additional Appropriation E.R.I.	 FY2019 Total Appropriation	 Share of Net Pension Liability	Percent of Total Net Pension Liability
City of Springfield\$	55,083,209	\$ 2,721,450	\$ 57,804,659	\$ 795,125,634	87.924%
Springfield Housing Authority	2,526,926	81,294	2,608,220	35,967,327	3.977%
Springfield Water & Sewer Commission	5,248,714	 62,688	 5,311,402	 73,244,177	8.099%
Total\$	62,858,849	\$ 2,865,432	\$ 65,724,281	\$ 904,337,138	100.000%

See notes to schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer.

SCHEDULE OF PENSION AMOUNTS BY EMPLOYER

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	City of Springfield	· <u>-</u>	Springfield Housing Authority	-	Springfield Water & Sewer Commission	-	Totals
Net Pension Liability Beginning net pension liability\$	760,463,014	\$	37,259,562	\$	69,364,986	\$	867,087,562
Ending net pension liability\$	795,125,634	\$	35,967,327	\$	73,244,177	\$	904,337,138
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Differences between expected and actual experience\$	2,982,393	\$	134,569	\$	274,038	\$	3,391,000
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments\$	13,003,442	\$	586,732	\$	1,194,826	\$	14,785,000
Changes of assumptions	32,448,360		1,464,111		2,981,529		36,894,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	4,714,502	. <u>-</u>		-	-	_	4,714,502
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources\$	53,148,697	\$_	2,185,412	\$	4,450,393	\$	59,784,502
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Differences between expected and actual experience\$	6,110,783	\$	275,726	\$	561,491	\$	6,948,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		. <u>-</u>	2,352,256	-	2,362,246	-	4,714,502
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources\$	6,110,783	\$_	2,627,982	\$	2,923,737	\$	11,662,502
Pension Expense							
Proportionate share of plan pension expense	82,647,588	\$	3,729,166	\$	7,594,103	\$	93,970,857
Net amortization of deferred amounts from changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,313,815	. <u>.</u>	(561,383)	_	(752,432)	_	<u>-</u>
Total Employer Pension Expense\$	83,961,403	\$_	3,167,783	\$	6,841,671	\$ _	93,970,857
Contributions Statutory required contribution\$	57,804,659	\$	2,608,220	\$	5,311,402	\$	65,724,281
Contribution in relation to statutory required contribution	(59,804,659)	_	(2,608,220)	-	(5,311,402)	-	(67,724,281)
Contribution deficiency/(excess)\$	(2,000,000)	\$_		\$		\$	(2,000,000)
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	44.02%		42.55%		42.55%		43.84%
<u>Deferred Outflows(Inflows) Recognized in</u> Future Pension Expense							
June 30, 2020\$	20,817,659	\$	318,655	\$	1,039,686	\$	22,176,000
June 30, 2021	11,801,878		(88,146)		211,268		11,925,000
June 30, 2022	6,321,772 7,754,804		(279,171) 60,730		(306,601) 469,466		5,736,000 8,285,000
June 30, 2024	341,801	_	(454,638)		112,837	_	6,265,000
Total Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) Recognized in Future Pension Expense\$	47,037,914	\$	(442,570)	\$	1,526,656	\$	48,122,000
		-	, , ,	=		=	-
Discount Rate Sensitivity 1% decrease (6.40%)\$	913,356,145	\$	41,211,795	\$	83,924,060	\$	1,038,492,000
Current discount rate (7.40%)\$	795,125,634	\$	35,967,327	\$	73,244,177	\$	904,337,138
	695,087,411	e	31,363,231	¢	63,868,358	\$	790,319,000
1% increase (8.40%)\$	000,007,411	Ψ	31,303,231	Ψ	00,000,000	•	700,010,000

See notes to schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer.

NOTE I – Schedule of Employer Allocations

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement #68 requires employers participating in a costsharing pension plan to recognize pension liabilities as employees provide services to the government and earn their pension benefits. For the first time, employers participating in cost-sharing plans are required to recognize their proportionate share of the plan's collective pension amounts for all benefits provided through the plan including the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense.

GASB Statement #68 requires the allocation of the collective pension amounts be consistent with the manner in which contributions to the plan are determined. As permissible under GASB Statement #68, The Schedule of Employer Allocations is used to demonstrate the allocation of Springfield Contributory Retirement System's collective pension amounts.

Massachusetts General Law (MGL) Chapter 32 Section 22 Paragraph 7c dictates that Massachusetts cost sharing defined benefit pension plans allocate the annual required pension fund appropriation to employer units based on their proportionate share of the aggregate of the annual rates of regular compensation of all members in service of the system who are employees of any government unit at the close of business on the September 30th immediately preceding the fiscal year. Accordingly, the proportionate aggregate rates of regular compensation as of the close of business on September 30, 2017 were applied to allocate the System's fiscal year 2019 pension fund appropriation by member unit.

When a member unit accepts an Early Retirement Incentive Program (E.R.I. or ERIP), PERAC completes an analysis of the costs and liabilities attributable to the additional benefits payable in accordance with the ERIP. The accrued liability for the members who accept the ERIP as retirees, including the ERIP less the accrued liability for the members as active employees excluding the ERIP, represents the increase in accrued liability due to the ERIP. The net increase is amortized for each member unit accepting the ERIP and is separately identified in the system's funding schedule. The ERIP payments extend out through 2028.

The allocation percentage of the total net pension liability is a blended rate of the following two items. (1) The proportionate share of active employer's covered payroll is applied to the fiscal year 2018 pension fund appropriation calculated by the actuary. (2) ERIP is a direct charge calculated by PERAC for only the employers that accepted the ERIP.

NOTE II - Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer

The Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer presents the net pension liability, the various categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for all participating employers including differences between expected and actual economic experience; differences between projected and actual investment earnings, net; and changes of assumptions. Additionally, the changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions are presented in accordance with GASB Statements.